

SAFETY DATA SHEET

GEAR OIL 75W90

Regulation (EC) No. 1907 / 2006

(REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015 / 830.

PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

MSDS Number: AF-SDS-071

Version Date: 20.08.2024

Product Name: GEAR OIL 75W90

Product Use: GEAR OIL 75W90

Synonyms: No information available

Company Information

Hitachi Astemo India Private Limited.

Formerly known as Hitachi Astemo Brake Systems India Private Limited

A606 & B606, 6th Floor, International Convention Centre, MCCIA Trade Towers,

Senapati Bapat Road, Shivajinagar, Pune MH 411016 IN

2. COMPONENT INFORMATION

2.1 Mixtures

Mixture

Product/Ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Type
Distillate (petroleum), hydro treated Heavy Paraffinic, C24-50 Solvent Extd. Dewaxed Hydrogenated.	CAS: 64742-54-7, CAS :101316-72-7	15 - 25 75 - 85	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
Long chain Alkyl phosphate Long-chain alkenyl amine (Additive)	Proprietary CAS 68955-53-3	1-2,4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]

Annex I Nota L applies to the base oil(s) in this product. Nota L - The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION Emergency and Hazards Overview

3.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Asp. Tox. 1, H304

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

3.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H 304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Not applicable

Response

P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage

P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Not applicable

3.3 Other hazards

Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No.

Not applicable

1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable

Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No.

1907/2006, Annex XIII

4. FIRST AID INFORMATION

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist. If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If Inhalation casualty is unconscious and: If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Maintain an open airway.

Skin contact

Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Handle with care and dispose of in a safe manner. Seek medical attention if skin irritation, swelling or redness develops and persists. Accidental high pressure injection through the skin requires immediate medical attention. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.

Ingestion

Always assume that aspiration has occurred. Do not induce vomiting. Can enter lungs and cause damage. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Seek professional medical attention or send the casualty to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Before attempting to rescue casualties, isolate area from all potential sources of ignition including disconnecting electrical supply. Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is present before entry into confined spaces.

Protection of first-aiders

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain.

Inhalation

Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician

Due to low viscosity there is a risk of aspiration if the product enters the lungs. Treat symptomatically.

Specific treatments Always assume that aspiration has occurred.

5. FIRE AND EXPLOSION INFORMATION

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemicals. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Water spray or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use direct water jets on the burning product; they could cause splattering and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

or mixture This substance will float and can be reignited on surface water.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H₂S, SO_x (sulfur oxides) or sulfuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for Firefighters Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind/keep distance from source. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed, are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the exposure to dangerous concentrations.

Note : recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions.

For emergency responders For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken.

Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate.

Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons.

Note : gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated.

Respiratory protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (and when applicable for H₂S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations.

In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents.

If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill Stop leak if without risk. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials.
 Large spill Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use water jet. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE INFORMATION

7.1 Advice on general occupational hygiene Storage Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Contaminated materials should not be allowed to accumulate in the workplaces and should never be kept inside the pockets. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant regional, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.

Store separately from oxidising agents.
 Recommended materials for containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Not suitable : Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.
 Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain harmful, flammable/combustible or explosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight.

7.3 Specific end use(s) Not available
Recommendations Not available
Industrial sector specific solutions

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/Ingredient name	Exposure limits values
Distillates (petroleum), Hydro treated Heavy Naphthenic	AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume
Oil mist	[Air contaminant] AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume

Recommended monitoring procedures If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482



8.2 Exposure Control

Appropriate engineering Controls

(Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control equipment should be used to avoid overheating.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.

Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Hand protection

Body protection

4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber

Wear protective clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Clear and Brown	
Odor: Gear oil odor	Vapor Pressure: ≤ 0, 1 hPa (20 °C) (Mineral oil, ASTM D 5191) (CONCAWE,2010)
Physical State : Liquid	Density : 0.90 max at 15 °C
pH: No data available	Percent Volatile by Volume: No data available
Boiling Point : No data available	Volatile Organic Content: No data available
Melting Point/ Pour Point: < -9 °C (ASTM D-97)	Molecular Weight: No data available
Specific Gravity: 0.870-0.881	Average Carbon Number: No data available
Flash point: > 190 °C, COC (ASTM D 92)	Viscosity, Kinematic at 40 C (100 F): 320 mm ² / s (40 °C) (ASTM D445)
	Auto-ignition temperature: >300 °C
Solubility in Water: Insoluble in water	Substance(s) according to IP346 : 3%
Octanol /water Coefficient : No data available	

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY INFORMATION

10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous Reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Oxidising agent.

Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates,

10.5 Incompatible materials

gases, including carbon monoxide, H₂S, SO_x (sulfur oxides) or sulfuric acid and unidentified organic and

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

inorganic compounds.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillate (petroleum), hydro treated Heavy Paraffinic, C 24-50 solvent dewaxed Hydrogenated Long chain Alkyl phosphate Long-chain alkenyl amine	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 fish 1	Fish 1	4,4 mg/l	96 hours
	EC50 Daphnia 1	Daphnia 1	5,4 mg/kg	48 hours
	C; R34 LC50/ LD50	Rabbit Rat	>20000mg/kg 9050 mg/kg	96 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Skin	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Respiratory	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Sensitisation</u>	
Skin	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Respiratory	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity	The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen.
Reproductive toxicity	Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified
Aspiration hazard	Aspiration hazard - Category 1
Information on likely routes of exposure	Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain.
Inhalation	Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Potential chronic health effects

General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Product/ingredient name	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	Not available.
Specific hazard	

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity	Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.
12.2 Persistence and degradability	Not inherently biodegradable.
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water solubility of this product.
12.4 Mobility in soil	Not considered mobile.
12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB Assessment	Not applicable.
12.6 Other adverse effects	Insoluble in water. Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.

13. DISPOSAL INFORMATION

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods**Product**

Methods of disposal

Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/ local authorizations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contaminated or waste substance (not directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National legislation may identify a specific organization, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery or disposal.

Hazardous waste

Yes

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
13 03 07*	mineral-based non-chlorinated insulating and heat transmission oils

Packaging

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**International transport regulations**

	ADR/ RID	ADN	IMO/IMDG Classification	ICAO/IATA Classification
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No	No	No	No
Additional information	-	-	-	-

14.6 Special precautions for User

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex I of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Oils

15. Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization**

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Not applicable.

Other EU regulations**Seveso D**

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

International Lists National Inventory	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision comments	Not available.
Legend to abbreviations	
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by road.
RID	Regulations agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by rail.
IMDG - CODE	International maritime dangerous goods code.
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization.
IATA	International air transport association.
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008].
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006].
LC 50	Median lethal concentration.
LD 50	Median lethal dose.
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method

Previous Version Information :-

Other : No information available

Prepared By:

The Western India Genuine Ghee Co Pvt Ltd

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Ta : Navsari Gujarat 396418

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